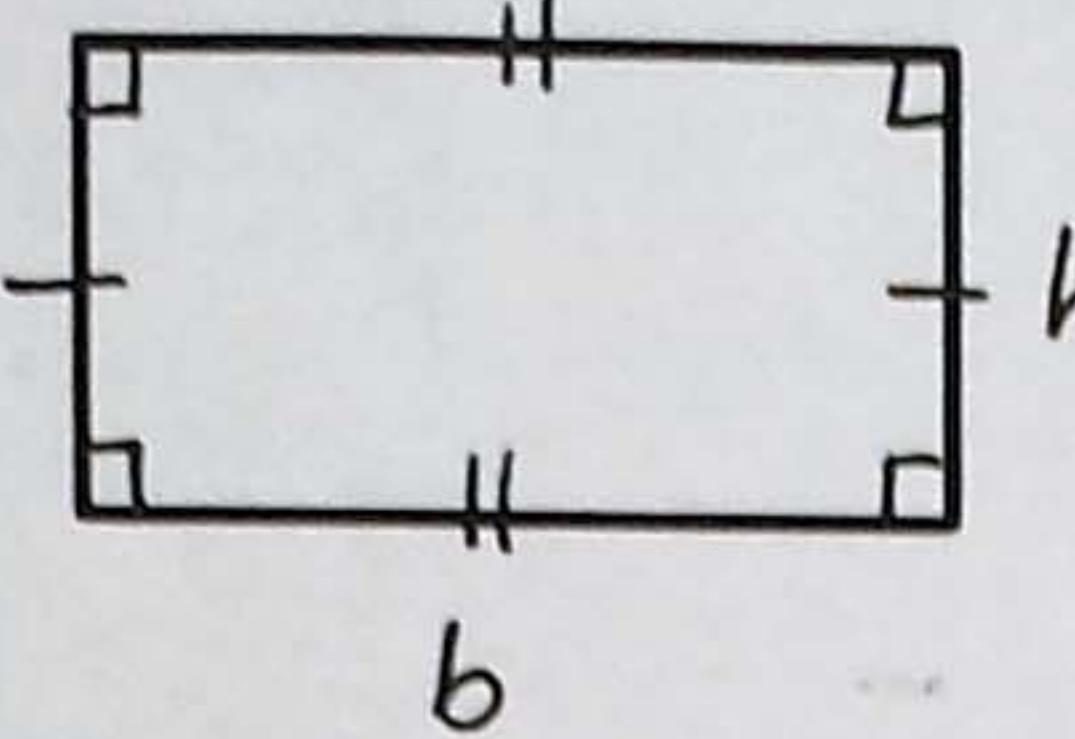
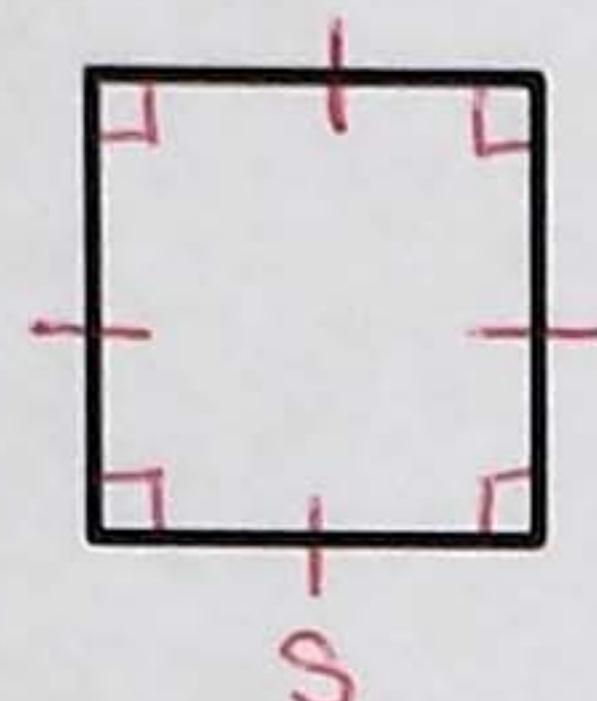
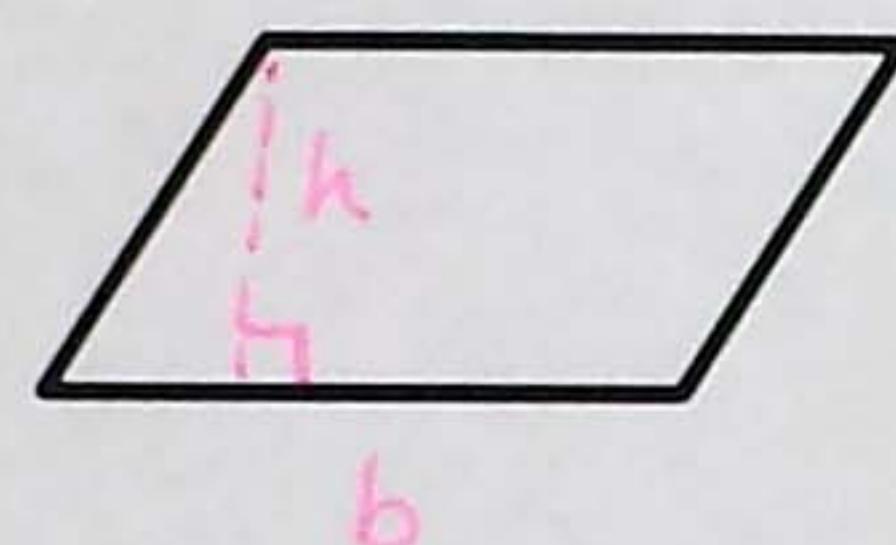
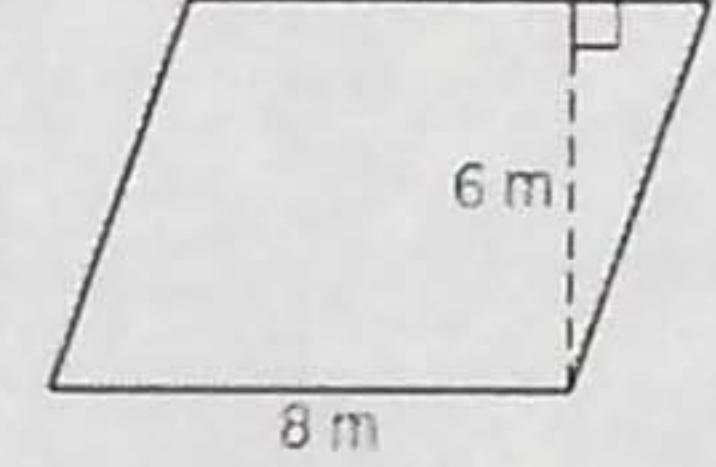
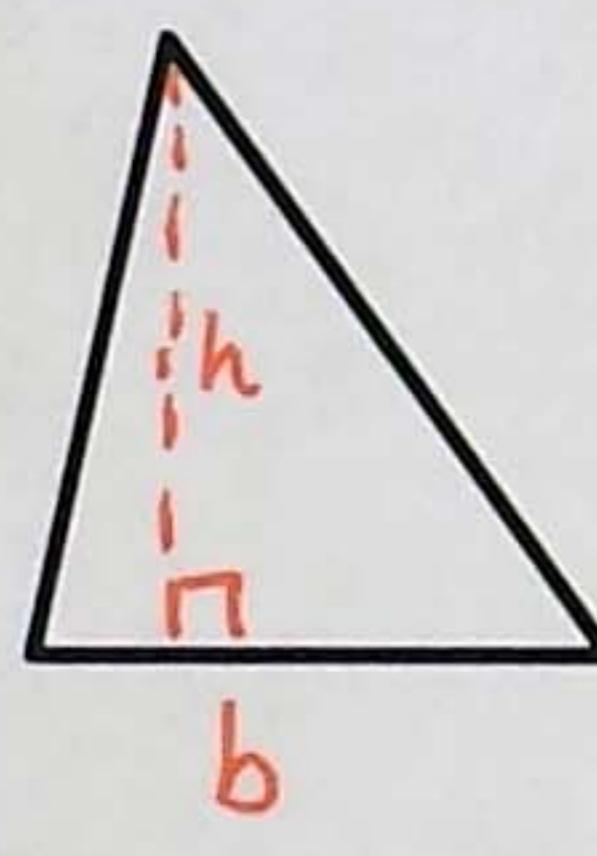
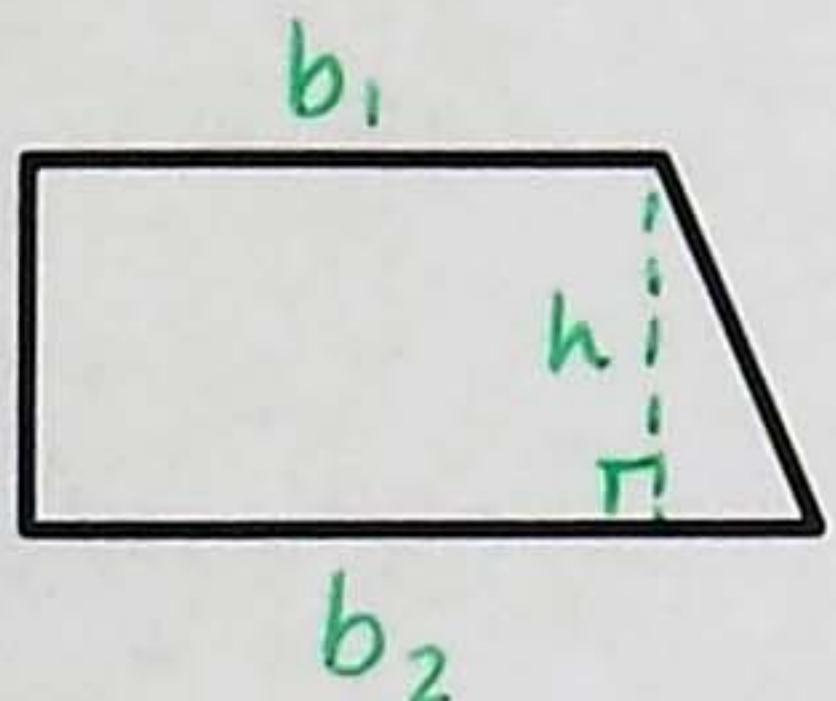
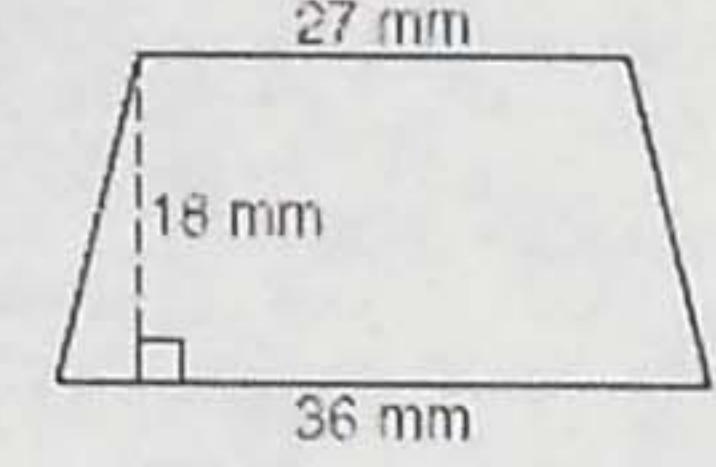
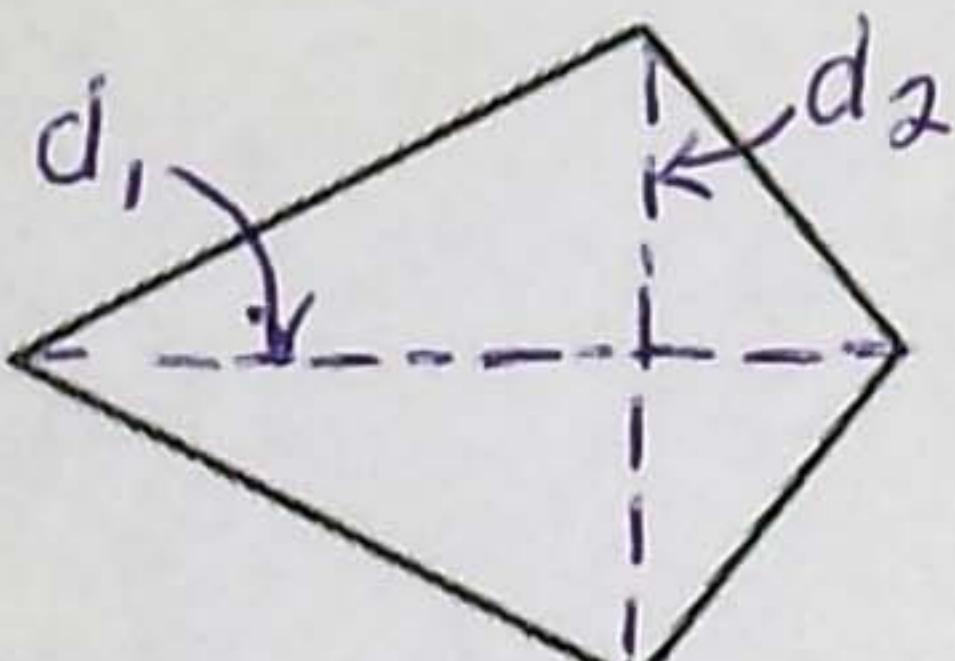
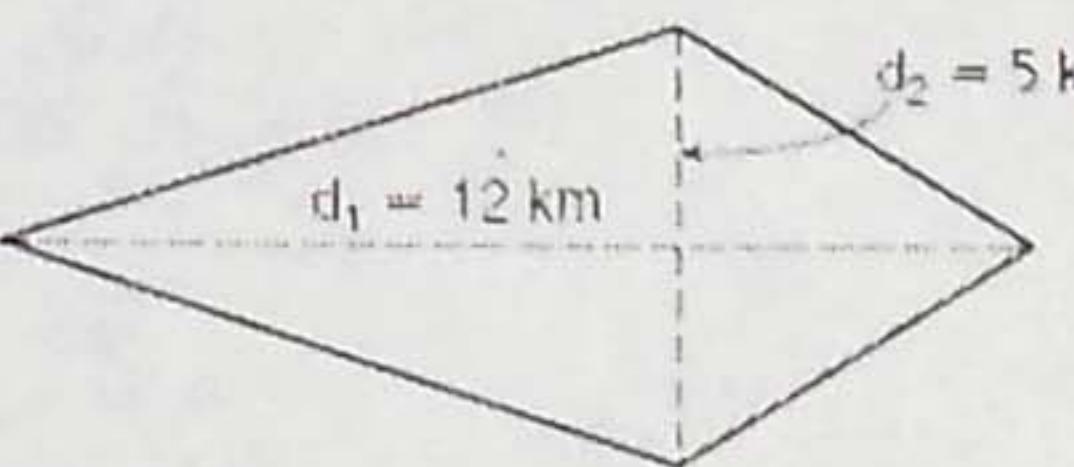
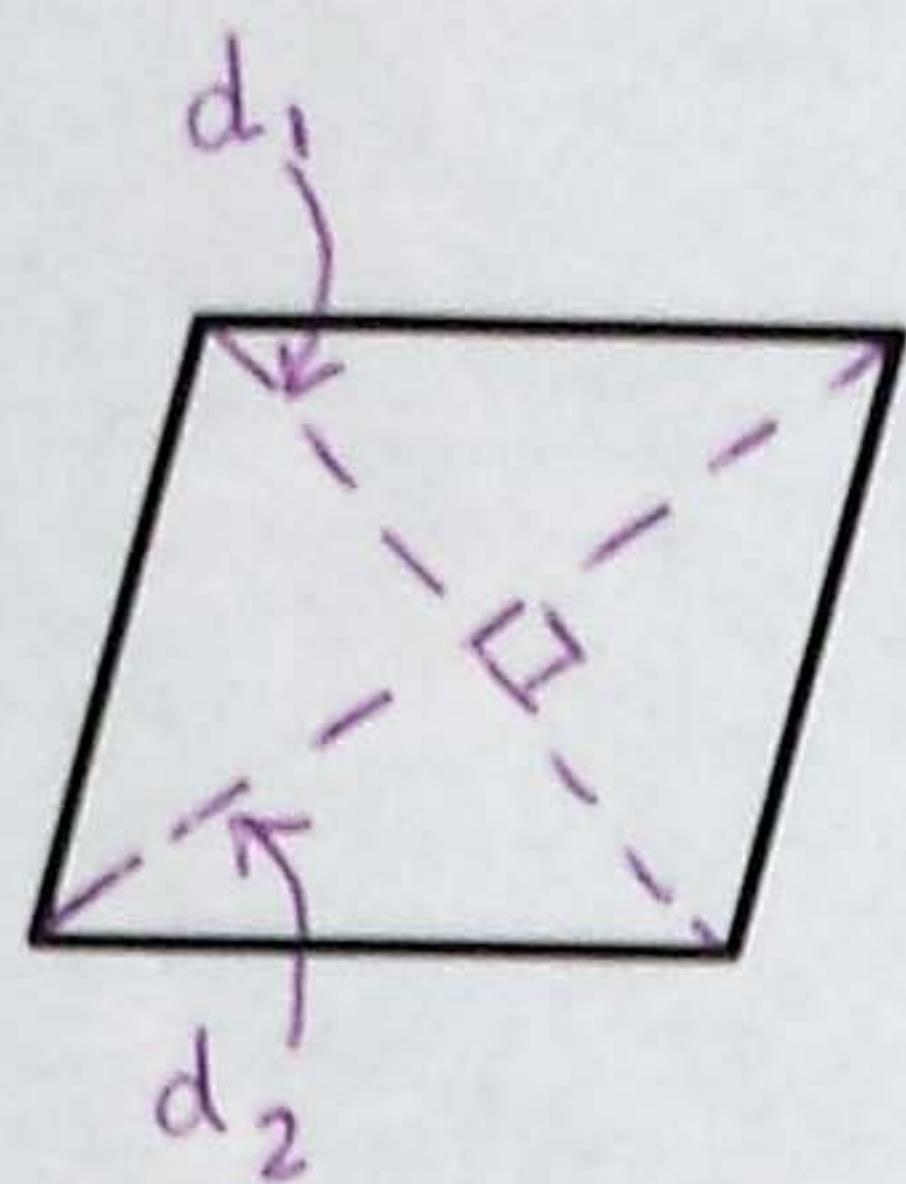
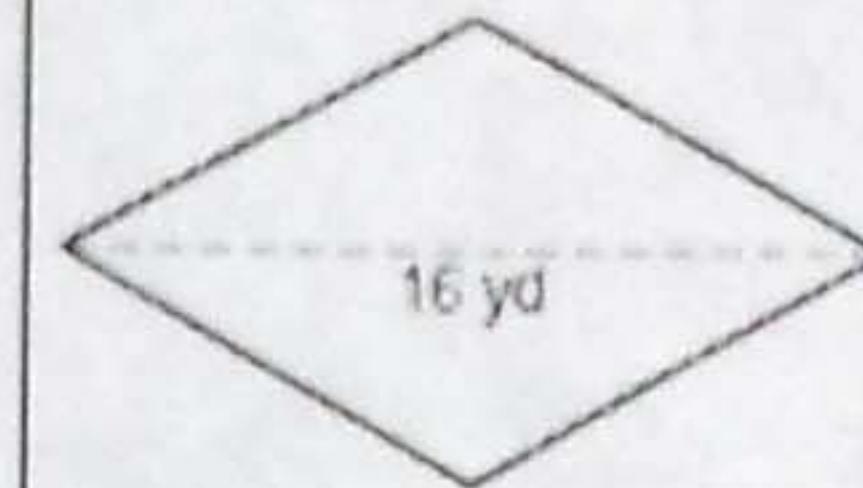


## Geometry: 9.1 Notes

Shape	Picture	Area	Example: Find...
Rectangle		$A = b \cdot h$	Find the area of a rectangle with side lengths 6 cm and 12 cm. $A = 6(12)$ $A = 72 \text{ cm}^2$
Square		$A = s^2$	Find the side of a square with area $75 \text{ ft}^2$ $75 = s^2$ $\sqrt{75} = s$ $s = 5\sqrt{3} \text{ ft.}$
Parallelogram		$A = b \cdot h$	 the area of the parallelogram $A = 6(8)$ $A = 48 \text{ m}^2$
Triangle		$A = \frac{1}{2} b \cdot h$	 the height of the triangle in which $A = 90 \text{ ft}^2$ $90 = \frac{6 \cdot h}{2}$ $90 = 3h$ $h = 30 \text{ ft}$
Trapezoid		$A = \frac{(b_1 + b_2)h}{2}$	 the area of the trapezoid $A = \frac{(27+36)18}{2}$ $A = \frac{63}{2}(18)$ $A = 567 \text{ mm}^2$
Kite		$A = \frac{1}{2}(d_1)(d_2)$	 the area of the kite $A = \frac{1}{2}(12)(5)$ $A = 30 \text{ km}^2$

**Rhombus**

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(d_1)(d_2)$$



$d_2$  of the rhombus in which

$$A = 72 \text{ yd}^2$$

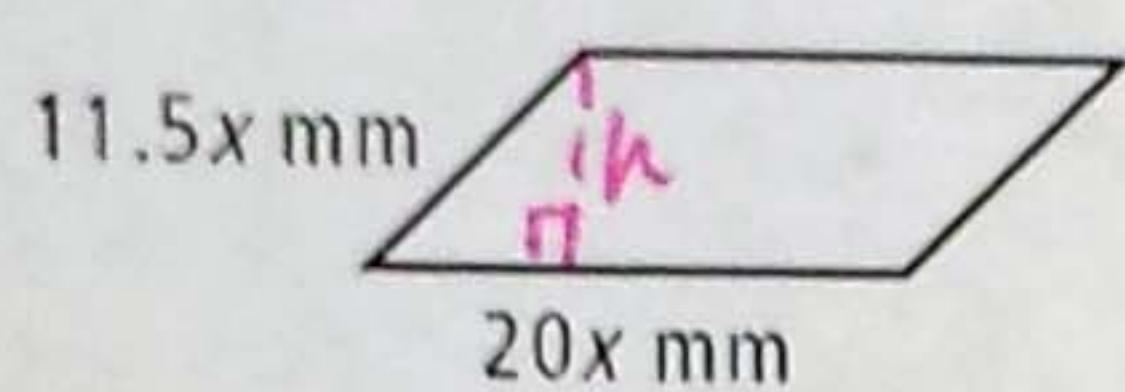
$$72 = \frac{1}{2}(16)(d_2)$$

$$72 = 8d_2$$

$$d_2 = 9 \text{ yd.}$$

**Additional Examples:** Find each measurement.

1. The height of the parallelogram, in which  $A = 182x^2 \text{ mm}^2$ .



$$182 = 20 \cdot h$$

$$h = 9.1 \text{ mm}$$

2. The perimeter of a rectangle in which  $h = 8 \text{ in.}$  and  $A = 28x \text{ in}^2$ .

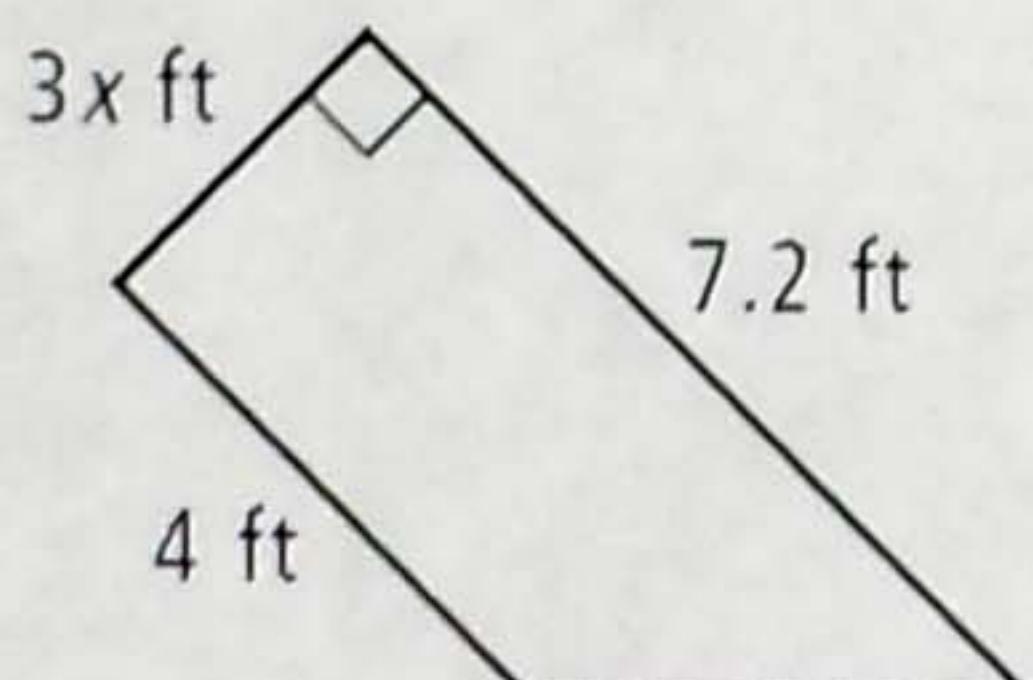
$$28 = b(8)$$

$$b = 3.5 \text{ in}$$

$$P = 3.5 + 3.5 + 8 + 8$$

$$P = 23 \text{ in}$$

3. The area of the trapezoid:



$$A = \frac{(4+7.2)3}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{33.6}{2}$$

$$A = 16.8 \text{ ft}^2$$

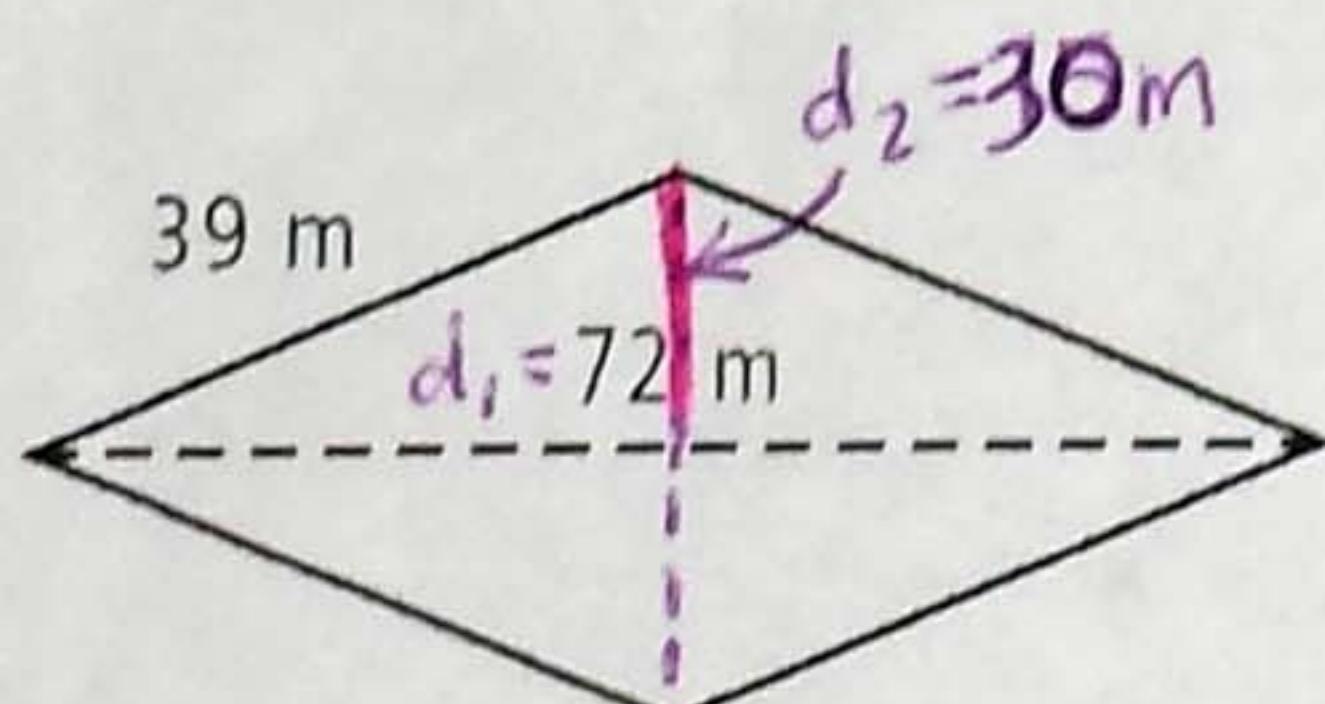
4. The base of the triangle in which  $h = 8 \text{ cm}$  and  $A = \frac{20}{12x+8} \text{ cm}^2$

$$20 = \frac{1}{2}b(8)$$

$$20 = 4b$$

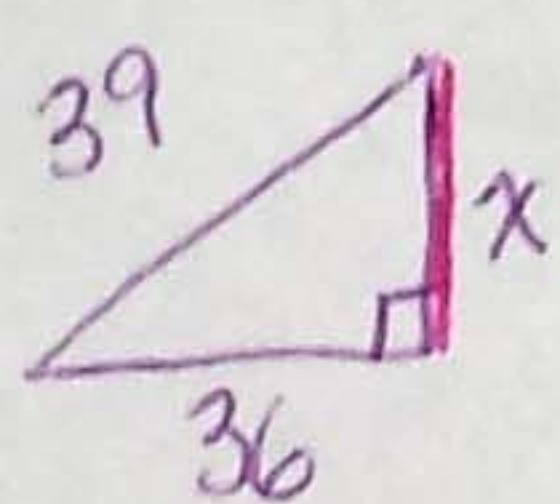
$$b = 5 \text{ cm}$$

5. The area of the rhombus.



$$A = \frac{1}{2}(72)(30)$$

$$A = 1080 \text{ m}^2$$



$$\begin{aligned} 36^2 + x^2 &= 39^2 \\ x^2 &= 225 \\ x &= 15 \end{aligned}$$